Pressure in fluids

• Pascal's Principle:

"Pressure in static fluid is transmitted uniformly in all directions"

P = *const* (static fluid, no gravity)

• **Hydrostatic Pressure.** Due to gravity, the pressure increases as you go deeper in fluid (ρ is the density of the fluid, g – free fall acceleration, *h* –depth under the surface):



Homework 24

Problem 1

Find the pressure created at depth 0.6 meters in water, oil and mercury. Density of water is 1000 kg/m^3 , of oil – 800kg/m^3 , of mercury – 13600 kg/m^3 .

Problem 2

At what depth in the water the pressure is the same as at the depth of 76 cm in mercury? Use the densities from the previous problem.